U.S. Appln. No.: 09/874,313

Attorney Docket No.: Q64869

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended): AnA rewritable optical recording medium comprising a recording layer containing, as a photoresponsive material, metal chalcogenide nanoparticles,

wherein the metal chalcogenide nanoparticles have an average particle size of 1 to 20 nm and have a surface modified with an adsorbable compound, and

the recording layer is a layer formed by preparing the metal chalcogenide nanoparticles as a colloidal dispersion by a chemical synthesis, and applying the colloidal dispersion, wherein the colloidal dispersion is prepared by the steps of:

- (1) mixing a precursor solution containing: at least one element selected from the elements of the groups 8, 1B and 2B and the 4th to 6th periods of the groups 3B, 4B and 5B of the Periodic Table; and a precursor solution containing at least one element selected from the elements of the group 6B of the Periodic Table, in a high-boiling organic solvent at 100 to 350°C in an inert gas atmosphere, so as to react the precursors to form a reaction mixture including nanoparticles;
- (2) adding a flocculant to the reaction mixture obtained in step (1) to aggregate and precipitate the nanoparticles, and separating the precipitated nanoparticles from a supernatant liquor in the resulting reaction mixture;

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(3) re-dispersing the precipitated nanoparticles collected in step (2) in an organic solvent;

and

(4) repeating the precipitation and re-dispersion to remove a precursor-forming organic

matter and the high-boiling organic solvent while holding the high-boiling organic solvent

adsorbed to the nanoparticles to such an extent that the precipitated nanoparticles can be re-

dispersed in an organic solvent.

2. (canceled).

3. (original): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the metal

chalcogenide nanoparticles comprise: at least one element selected from the elements of the

groups 8, 1B and 2B and the 4th to 6th periods of the groups 3B, 4B and 5B of the Periodic

Table; and at least one element selected from the elements consisting of the group 6B of the

Periodic Table.

4. (canceled).

5. (original): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the

nanoparticles are crystalline.

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6. (original): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, which comprises a

substrate, a first dielectric protective layer, the recording layer, and a second dielectric protective

layer in this order.

7. (original): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, which is of rewritable

type capable of recording, reproducing and erasing information through changes in reflectance of

the recording layer, which are made by irradiating the nanoparticles with first light energy to

make them amorphous and by irradiating the nanoparticles with second light energy that is

smaller than the first light energy to make them crystalline.

8. (original): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, which is of write once

type capable of recording information through a change in reflectance of the recording layer,

which is made by an irreversible phase change caused in at least one of the nanoparticles and the

vicinities thereof by giving light energy.

9. (original): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the metal

chalcogenide nanoparticles are mono-dispersed particles.

10. (original): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein the

adsorbable compound is at least one selected from the group consisting of alkylphosphine

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oxides, alkylphosphines, and compounds containing -SH, -CN, -NH₂, -SO₂OH, -SOOH,

-OPO(OH) $_2$ or -COOH.

11. (previously presented): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein

the total number of moles of the element of group 6B is 0.001% to 0.5% based on the weight of

the high-boiling organic solvent.

12. (previously presented): The optical recording medium according to claim 1, wherein

the high-boiling organic solvent is trioctylphosphine oxide (TOPO).

13. (original): A method of optical recording comprising irradiating the optical recording

medium according to claim 1 with a semiconductor laser beam having an oscillation wavelength

ranging from 200 to 600 nm.